

NAMES A CAUSE FOR QUICK ACTION

President Will Intervene When
Mexicans Kill Americans
Wantonly.

CASUALTIES UNAVOIDABLE

Five Thousand Sailors and the
Marines From Warships
Are Ready.

* (By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) *
* WASHINGTON, February 14.— *
* (Special to The Advertiser)—Be- *
* cause of intense anti-American *
* feeling at Acapulco, Mexico, the *
* cruiser Denver has been turned *
* back to that port to protect Amer- *
* icans and other foreigners, until *
* the cruiser South Dakota puts into *
* port on Sunday. *

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)

WASHINGTON, February 14.—(Special to The Advertiser)—President Taft declared to close advisors today that only one thing could force him to ask congress to intervene in Mexico. If the Madero or Diaz forces should turn upon Americans, merely because they are Americans or foreigners, Mr. Taft let it be known that he would rush a special message to congress in thirty minutes' time.

He does not regard the killing of a few Americans in the course of the battle as a cause for war, but looks upon such casualties as unavoidable and believes that the proper authorities should be held liable for damages.

If, however, the President should hear that Americans were being wantonly killed and found congress taking its week-end recess, his confidants today declared he would not hesitate to send an expeditionary force from the battlefields at Vera Cruz and Tampico.

Five thousand sailors and marines could be landed from the ships in a few hours and started for Mexico City. International law recognizes the right of a government to send such an expeditionary force to guard its own citizens when they need protection.

The sailors and marines would be sent to Mexico City as the "legation guard." This was the method during the Boxer uprising in China and more recently in Nicaragua.

If such a step were forced upon President Taft while congress was not in session, the President plans to follow it immediately with a message setting forth conditions, showing what he had done and asking authority to send United States troops across the border.

President Taft met the cabinet at the semi-weekly session and the Mexican situation was generally discussed. It is understood that the cabinet is in complete accord with the President's attitude as it was expressed in his talks with callers today.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)

PEKIN, China, February 14.—(Special to The Advertiser)—America's sixty-odd thousand Chinese residents were honored by President Yuan Shi-Kai in the capital last night, when two of their elected representatives to the new parliament of China were banqueted by the chief executive.

The banquet was explained as the government's means of attesting its affection for the ones of the Republic in the land across the seas.

The two parliamentarians who sat in the seats of honor were Tong King Chong, of San Francisco, and Gee Share Noe, of New York.

President Yuan expressed himself as especially well pleased that the chances of political preference at the hands of a free suffrage should have given him the opportunity to break bread with representatives of the widely-divided colonies of his brothers in the Orient.

NEW YORK, February 14.—(By Associated Press Cable to Star-Bulletin)—Crazed by the constant taunts of his wife, Purcell, former partner of the gambler, Herman Rosenthal, today shot at the woman, and missing her killed his own daughter.

He had been accused by the woman of being a squalor, following his confession to the district attorney. He gave himself up to the authorities. Purcell figured conspicuously in the recent police grafting trials.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)

CHICAGO, February 14.—(Special to The Advertiser)—The U. S. court of appeals today ordered the release from Fort Leavenworth prison of Paul Morrison of St. Louis and William Shouppe and E. H. Houlihan of Chicago, men convicted at Indianapolis of unlawfully transporting dynamite.

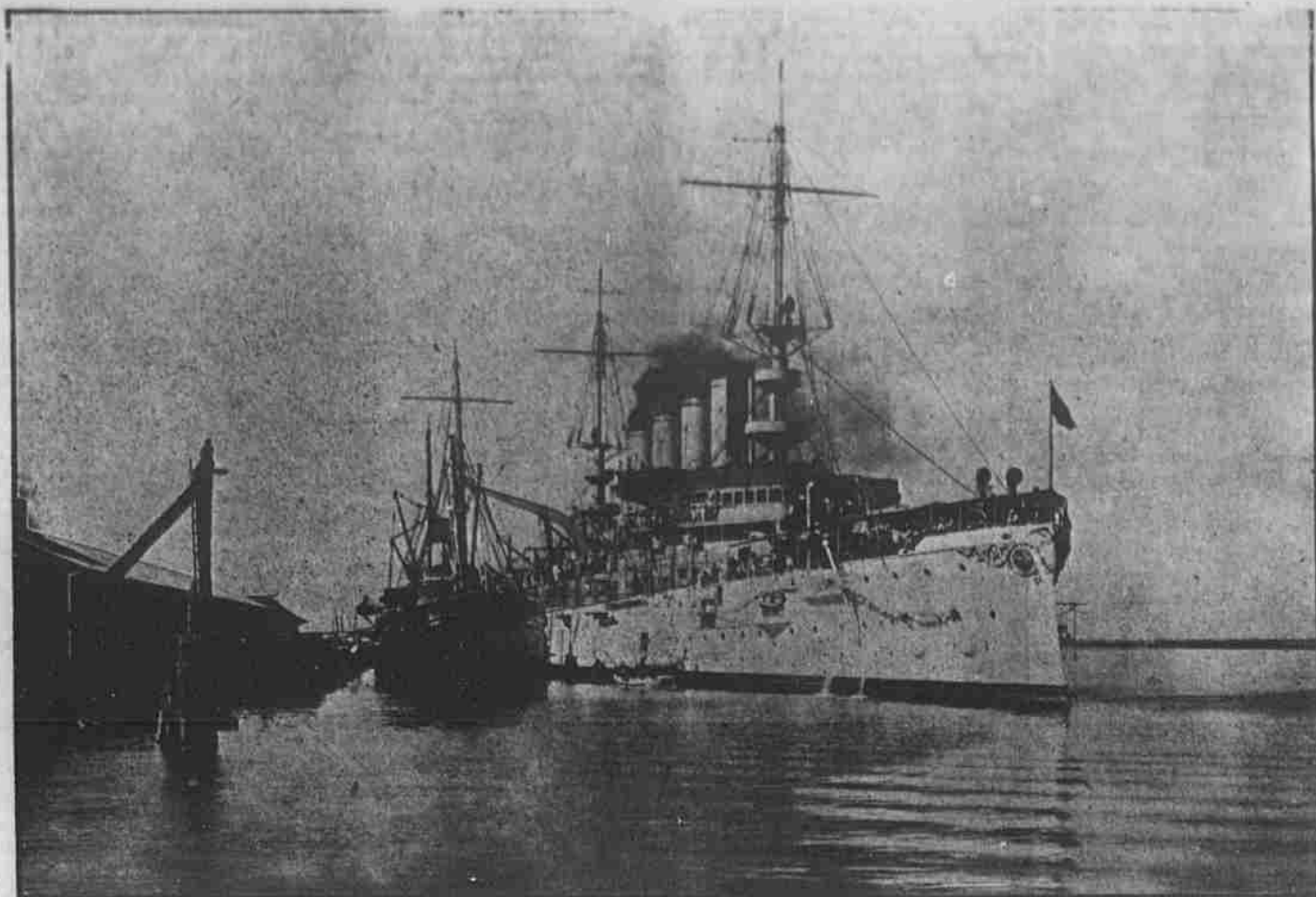
The bonds furnished for the men were approved.

DETROIT, Michigan, February 14.—(By Associated Press Cable to Star-Bulletin)—The federal district court here today decided that the officials of the bath tub trust have been guilty of a conspiracy in restraint of trade. The crime of which the eleven officials of the corporation have been found guilty is punishable by a fine of \$5000 and one year imprisonment.

FORMER AMBASSADOR TO SPAIN DIES SUDDENLY

NEW YORK, February 14.—(By Associated Press Cable to Star-Bulletin)—Stewart Woodford, formerly ambassador to Spain, and the man who handed President McKinley's ultimatum to the Spanish government, died at his home here today. He has been ill but a short time.

One Strong Factor for Peace and Order in Troubled City on the Way



THE CRUISER SOUTH DAKOTA IN HONOLULU HARBOR, NOW ON THE WAY TO ACAPULCO.

COMMISSIONERS WILL DRAW PAY

Amendment in New Charter
Made at Instance of Mayor—
The Recall Percentage.

From Saturday Advertiser.

Mayor Jay Fern made his record speech at the meeting of the charter committee held in the senate chamber last night. In a snappy speech, with a "punch" to it, the chief executive of the city went on record as saying that "this here what you call commission government will not take with the Hawaiian people."

However, before adjournment came, the mayor was partially won over to the side of those who are fighting for a model form of government, and it is believed that by providing a salary for the five commissioners who will serve, Mayor Fern's great objection was removed.

Governor Frear presided at the meeting last night. A. D. Castro acted as secretary pro tem. There was not a large attendance, but the first forty-two of the 143 provisions in the proposed charter were discussed from every side, several additional amendments were carried, and excellent progress was made. The meeting finally adjourned until next Thursday night at eight o'clock, when the remaining sections will be discussed at the city hall.

"My belief is that this here new what you call commission government will not take with Hawaiian people," said the mayor. A few of the Hawaiian leaders would tell the people that this new form would take away your franchise. I, as Hawaiian, hear this every day. They come to me one hundred at a time asking me, 'here, Joe, what about this new commission form of government?' The only way to bring this about is to give the people chance to vote first what they want, then it can be fixed up.

Wouldn't Run Himself.

"When it comes to election of commissioners without pay, that is not good. There is not one Hawaiian who would run. I, myself, would not so do. That manager part is not good. Look what they do with me with my chief of fire department? I say give commission power to remove manager."

The mayor was assured that the charter would confer this power by majority vote.

"We have too much that majority rule now," said the mayor, again referring to his troubles with the fire department appointment. His objection to the commissioners was finally overcome with the agreement to provide for a salary for these elective officers and to an agreement to allow them to also hold offices outside of the city government.

All in all, according to those who have followed the mayor, it is said his speech last evening was the most lucid he has yet made, showing that he had given considerable thought to the charter and its provisions.

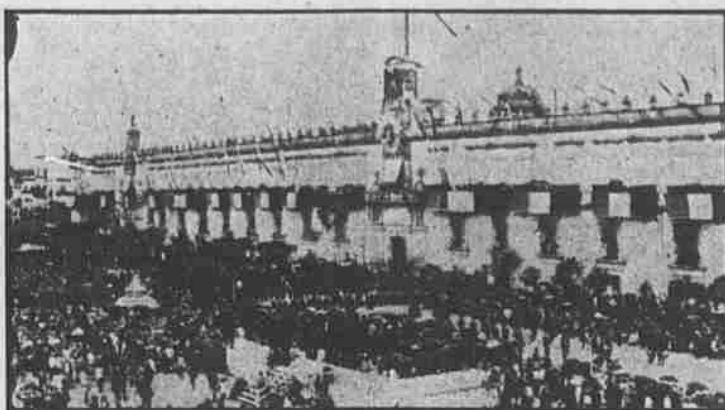
It was finally decided that the name of the city under the new charter will be simply the city of Honolulu, instead of the city and county of Honolulu as at present.

Recall Percentage Lowered.

A slight change was also made in the provision for recall, making it necessary to secure the signatures of twenty-five per cent of the registered voters instead of thirty per cent of the vote for commissioners at the preceding election, as had been specified.

The preferential method of election was also changed to allow the names of all candidates to remain on the ballot should selection not be made by the voters in expressing their first choice.

For a time it looked as if the apparently complex problem offered by the preferential system would be eliminated. W. R. Rawlins stated that he believed it would be difficult to instruct the average voter as to the merits of this system and that they would not accept it until they had been educated up to its value.



THE NATIONAL PALACE,
Which President Madero deserted for the British legation yesterday.

Steamers Collide in Fog, Both Sink Sugar and Gold Lost in Golden Gate

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)

SAN FRANCISCO, February 14.—(Special to The Advertiser)—A marine disaster, which avoided appalling loss of life by the narrowest margin, occurred in the thick fog off Angel Island this morning, when the sugar steamer H. J. Corcoran and the Southern Pacific steamer Seminole met in collision and sank to the bottom of the bay.

The Seminole was on her way from this city to Sacramento and carried fifty passengers, seven of them women, and a crew of fifteen, and had on board a large quantity of mail and baggage. She was a new boat, built in 1911, at a cost of \$114,000.

The crew of the Corcoran were bitter in their criticisms of the Seminole's captain, whom they at first believed had gone on his way without endeavoring to render assistance. The situation was cleared up when it became known that the Seminole herself with fifty passengers on board had been crippled and left sinking.

The Corcoran, which is owned by the E. V. Rideout Company, was on her way from Antioch to this city with a crew of thirty-five men, eleven thousands bags of sugar, valued at \$40,000, and two bars of gold from the Selby Smelting Company, worth \$50,000. She is an old sternwheel steamer used for freight only.

The Seminole remained afloat for nearly an hour after the collision and passengers, crew and most of the baggage were taken off by the gasoline launch Maryland and the Vallejo steamer Napa, both of which were attracted by her whistle a few minutes after the collision.

Both steamers turned bottom side up, and the Corcoran was carried by the tide through the Golden Gate to the open sea.

Thomas M. Church came to the rescue by stating that he wanted to go on record as opposed to the old spirit of compromise in Honolulu and to make the fight for this important feature. He took issue with Rawlins that the average voter in Honolulu is not intelligent enough to grasp the value of the preferential system and added that he believed they could be easily taught its important value. With the features embodied in the preferential idea eliminated, said Church, the whole purpose of the commission form of government would be defeated.

Justice for Hawaiians.

Dr. Doremus Scudder also paid a high compliment to the intelligence of the Hawaiian people, as did G. M. Smith, Professor W. A. Bryan and others. It was suggested by the speakers that literature could be printed, a campaign of education started among all voters and by means of straw ballots and other methods it would not require long to teach every citizen how to properly express his choice at an election.

Mr. Rawlins hastened to assure the committee members that he intended no disrespect to the intelligence of the Hawaiian people in his opposition to the preferential clauses, but felt that the people as a whole, not understanding its value, would vote to defeat the entire measure.

Another amendment was made to line thirty-four which had previously been changed to have the elective officers designate councilors instead of commissioners. "Councilors" was amended to read "supervisors."

Compensation of the commissioners was placed at \$600 per year instead of nothing, as at first planned. This was to meet the objection of Mayor Fern.

Amendment Is Lost.

A. D. Castro believed that four members should constitute a quorum instead



FRANCISCO MADERO
Who resigned as President of Mexico yesterday.

ARMY WILL TURN OUT FOR PARADE

Over Three Thousand Troops to
Be in Line of March for
Celebration.

From Saturday Advertiser.

"More than three thousand two hundred troops of all classes will be in the line of march of the military parade on Washington's Birthday," said Adjutant General Campbell, U. S. A., yesterday.

"This will be in excess of the military turnout last year, but the parade this year will lack the navy organizations which gave more than 2000 men."

The Second Infantry, from Fort Shafter, will turn out about 656 men, and band, thirty; the Fourth Cavalry, from Schofield Barracks, 650 and band, thirty; First Field Artillery from Schofield Barracks, 300, and band, thirty; Engineer Corps, eighty; Coast Artillery, 374; First Regiment, National Guard of Hawaii, 200, and band, thirty; Kamehameha Cadets, 150, and band, twenty.

The troops will be reviewed from a stand opposite Thomas Square, in front of the McKinley High School, where sent reservations have been made for Army, Navy and Marine Corps officers and ladies, federal, territorial and county officials, and the consular corps. Governor Frear will review the troops, General Macomb being in command. Two ranking navy officers—Admirals, Cowles and Moore—will watch the troops go by.

Organizations in Line.

The troops in line will be Company I, Third Battalion of Engineers, Capt. W. T. Hannum, Corps of Engineers, commanding.

Second Infantry, Col. Francis French, commanding.

Provisional Battalion, Coast Artillery Corps, Maj. E. J. Timberlake, commanding.

First Field Artillery, Maj. W. M. Curikshank, commanding.

Fourth Cavalry, Col. W. D. Beach, commanding.

First Regiment, National Guard of Hawaii, Colonel Zeigler, commanding.

Kamehameha Cadets Battalion, Lieut. George Turner, Coast Artillery Corps, U. S. A., commanding.

The line of march will be from the King street entrance of the Executive building grounds via King street to Victoria street, thence to Beretania avenue, thence to Punahou, at which place the parade will be dismissed.

The head of the column will move at quarter to ten o'clock and will pass the reviewing stand at ten o'clock.

Reserve Force Left.

The Fourth Cavalry and First Field Artillery will reach Honolulu from Schofield Barracks on February 21, re-

maining here for two or three days. They may go into camp at Kapiolani Park, while the Coast Artillery will probably encamp on the De Russy reservation. The Second Infantry will start in from Fort Shafter early on the morning of February 22.

Only one troop of the Fourth Cavalry will remain at Schofield, and a portion of the First Field Artillery will also remain in barracks.

The provisional battalion of Coast Artillery will be composed of men from the Tenth, Sixty-eighth, Seventy-fifth, 105th and 159th companies stationed at Fort Ruger, Fort De Russy and Fort Kamehameha.

All the troops will wear cotton service uniforms and service hats.

Four military bands will be out on that day, and this will be the first opportunity to hear the Fourth Cavalry mounted band, which is acknowledged one of the best in the cavalry service.

MADERO RESIGNS PRESIDENCY MEXICO

Federal Leader Takes Refuge In
British Legation—Congress
Will Act.

DE LA BARRA FOR EXECUTIVE

More Fighting In City and Seven
Nuns and Five Other
Women Killed.

* CITY OF MEXICO, February 15 *
* (By Associated Press Cable)— *
* Francisco Madero, President of *
* Mexico, tendered his resignation *
* to congress yesterday, has aban- *
* doned the national palace and has *
* taken refuge in the British lega- *
* tion. *
* Arrangements are now being *
* made to have congress consider *
* the succession of Francisco Leon *
* de la Barra to the presidency. De *
* la Barra was the first provisional *
* president after the overthrow of *
* Diaz, acting until Madero assum- *
* ed control. *
* Congress is now considering the *
* resignation of Madero. It has not *
* yet been accepted. *
* Added confusion was given the *
* situation by the resignation of *
* Minister of the Interior Hernandez. *

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)

CITY OF MEXICO, February 14.—(Special to The Advertiser)—Fighting between the Diaz and Madero forces for control of Mexico City was resumed early today. One of the first shells fired by the rebels entered the chapel of a convent, five blocks from the National Palace, and exploded amid nuns and women and children, refugees who were kneeling in prayer. Seven nuns and five other women are reported killed.

The native population today is flying to churches and convents for protection. Thousands of women and children form continuous procession from the center of the city to the suburbs. At nine o'clock the battle ceased, while the combatants ate breakfast.

During the lull, Madero sent a message to Diaz notifying the rebel leader that he and his following would be shown no mercy unless they stopped firing in such a way as to endanger non-combatants.

Many persons were slain in today's battle, half the number being non-combatants.

Despite Madero's message and his declaration that Diaz is violating the rules of civilized warfare, he dragged cannon into position beside the British legation, where the rebels returned the fire. This action resulted in severe damage to British property.

Madero's soldiers also fired from roofs, compelling the rebels to fire high, their shells falling into neutral territory. There was no fighting during last night.

The casualties in yesterday's clash are estimated at 1000 killed and 200 wounded. These figures are believed conservative.

REBELS CAPTURE BIG CITY.

CITY OF MEXICO, February 15.—(By Associated Press Cable)—A strong force of rebels yesterday succeeded in capturing the City of Puebla, eighty miles southeast of here. They are now in full possession of that place. Puebla is on the line of the railroad to Vera Cruz, and its possession by the rebel forces effectively cuts off the retreat of Madero, should he attempt to leave the country by way of Vera Cruz, as did former President Diaz.

Puebla has a population of 98,000, supports four banks and has telegraph and express offices.

SENATE EXPECTED TO BLOCK FREE SUGAR BILL

The ways and means committee realize that they will not have it all their own way in the final make-up of the tariff bill, says the Washington Star. They expect to have to yield to the views of the senate in some schedules, and while they will not write their schedules low in order to have something to "trade on," they will be prepared to see some articles boosted.

There is sugar. The house in all probability will pass a free sugar bill, but ways and means Democrats, with a sigh of regret, to be sure, admit that the senate will swallow it. But it is a certainty that it will not be as high as the present tariff.

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